

Location and repairs.

construction shall be subject to their approval. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall have the authority to designate the location and to cause such repairs or relocation of such pipe lines as the public necessity may require, any such repairs or relocation to be at the expense of the Mayflower Hotel Corporation, its successors or assigns. Any repairs to streets, highways, or other public property necessitated by the construction or alteration of such pipe lines shall be made in a manner approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, at the expense of Mayflower Hotel Corporation, its successors or assigns.

Property rights.

SEC. 3. No permission granted or enjoyed under the provisions of this Act shall vest any right, title, or interest in or to any land within De Sales Street Northwest.

SEC. 4. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is expressly reserved.

Approved January 18, 1944.

[CHAPTER 2]

AN ACT

To amend the Nationality Act of 1940.

January 20, 1944

[H. R. 2207]

[Public Law 221]

Nationality Act of 1940, amendments.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 401 (g) of the Nationality Act of 1940, approved October 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 1169; U. S. C. 8, 801g), be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

Deserting U. S. forces in time of war.

“(g) Deserting the military or naval forces of the United States in time of war, provided he is convicted thereof by court martial and as the result of such conviction is dismissed or dishonorably discharged from the service of such military or naval forces: *Provided*, That notwithstanding loss of nationality or citizenship or civil or political rights under the terms of this or previous Acts by reason of desertion committed in time of war, restoration to active duty with such military or naval forces in time of war or the reenlistment or induction of such a person in time of war with permission of competent military or naval authority, prior or subsequent to the effective date of this Act, shall be deemed to have the immediate effect of restoring such nationality or citizenship and all civil and political rights heretofore or hereafter so lost and of removing all civil and political disabilities resulting therefrom; or”.

Restoration of nationality, etc.

SEC. 2. Section 1420 Revised Statutes (21 Stat. 3, 34 U. S. C. 163) as amended, is hereby amended as follows: Strike out the period at the end of the section, and insert the following: “, except that in time of war such deserters may be enlisted in the naval service, upon permission of competent naval authority thereunto authorized by the Secretary of the Navy.”

Navy. Enlistment of deserters in time of war.

8 U. S. C. § 739.

SEC. 3. Section 339 of the Nationality Act of 1940, approved October 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 1160), is hereby amended to read as follows:

Certificate of citizenship.

“SEC. 339. A person who claims to have derived United States citizenship through the naturalization of a parent or through the naturalization or citizenship of a husband, or who is a citizen of the United States by virtue of the provisions of section 1993 of the United States Revised Statutes, or of section 1993 of the United States Revised Statutes, as amended by section 1 of the Act of May 24, 1934 (48 Stat. 797), or who is a citizen of the United States by virtue of the provisions of section 201 (c), (d), (e), and (g) of the Nationality Act of 1940 (54 Stat. 1138; U. S. C., title 8, sec. 601), may apply to the Com-

54 Stat. 1172.
8 U. S. C. § 6.

missioner for a certificate of citizenship. Upon proof to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that the applicant is a citizen, and that the applicant's alleged citizenship was derived as claimed, or acquired, as the case may be, and upon taking and subscribing before a member of the Service within the United States to the oath of allegiance required by this Act of a petitioner for naturalization, such individual shall be furnished by the Commissioner or a deputy commissioner with a certificate of citizenship, but only if such individual is at the time within the United States."

Section 342 (a) (5) of the Nationality Act of 1940, approved October 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 1161), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(5) For application for a certificate of citizenship under section 339, \$5."

Approved January 20, 1944.

[CHAPTER 3]

AN ACT

To authorize the appointment of court reporters in the district courts of the United States, to fix their duties, to provide for their compensation, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Judicial Code (Act of March 3, 1911, 36 Stat. 1088, as amended) is hereby amended by inserting after section 5 thereof a new section 5a, entitled "Court Reporters", as follows:

"SEC. 5a. COURT REPORTERS.—

"(a) APPOINTMENT.—Each district court of the United States, including the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia and the district courts in the Territories and insular possessions, shall appoint one or more court reporters for the district court in the manner provided for the appointment of the clerks of said courts. The number of reporters to be so appointed shall be determined by the Judicial Conference of Senior Circuit Judges (hereinafter referred to as the Judicial Conference). The persons to be so appointed shall possess the qualifications necessary for the satisfactory performance of the duties specified in subdivision (b) of this section, to be determined by standards which shall be formulated from time to time by the Judicial Conference, and shall take an oath to perform faithfully such duties. The court, with the approval of the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts (hereinafter referred to as the Director) may appoint additional reporters for temporary service not exceeding three months, when there is more reporting work in the district than can be promptly performed by the authorized number of reporters and the urgency is so great as to render it impracticable to obtain the approval of the Judicial Conference. If the court and the Judicial Conference are of the opinion that in any district it is in the public interest that the duties of reporter should be combined with those of any other employee of the court, the Judicial Conference may authorize such a combination of positions and fix the salary therefor, as provided by subsection (c) hereof, any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding.

"(b) DUTIES.—One of the reporters so appointed for each district court shall attend at each session of the court and at every other proceeding that may be designated by rule of procedure or order of court or by one of the judges of the court, and shall record verbatim by shorthand or by mechanical means (1) all proceedings in criminal cases had in open court, whether in connection with plea, trial, or

Issuance.

Fee.

8 U. S. C. § 742.
Post, p. 755.

Ante, p. 4.

January 20, 1944
[H. R. 3611]
[Public Law 222]

Judicial Code,
amendment.

28 U. S. C. § 9.

Court reporters for
district courts, ap-
pointment.

Number.

Qualifications.

Oath.

Temporary ap-
pointees.

Combination of po-
sitions.

Recording of pro-
ceedings.